## Comparing

## The Comparison Problem

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-Thus $f p 1==f p 2$ should be avoided.


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- First idea:

Allow for small differences!

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Given: tolerance value c > 0.
fp1 "equals" fp2 whenever |fp1 - fp2| < c
```


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- Examples (c is 0.001 ):
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|10.0-12.0| = 2.0


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$|10.0-10.000013|=0.000013$


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$|10.0-12.0|=2.0>c$
Thus: not "equal"
-fp1 = 10.0 and $\mathrm{fp} 2=10.000013$
$|10.0-10.000013|=0.000013<c$
Thus: "equal"


## Exercise

## Write the following function:

```
// POST: returns true if and only if
// |x - y| < tol
bool equals (const double x, const double y,
    const double tol) {
}
```


## Exercise

## For example:

// POST: returns true if and only if
// $|x-y|<t o l$
bool equals (const double $x$, const double $y$, const double tol) \{

```
    double diff = x - y;
```

    if (diff < 0)
        diff *= -1 ; // absolute value
    return diff < tol;
    \}

## Remark

- Comparing absolute differences with a tolerance value is a great first idea!
- (But: for example problems when the numbers are large.)

